

E.O.P  
OBSTETRICS &  
GYNECOLOGY  
2008 -2009



Group-D  
male

**1 - the most coagulation factor effected in pregnancy is :**

- 1
- 8
- 10
- 13

**2 - Which of the following is a branch of pudendal nerve :**

- Perneal nerve
- Posterior cutaneous nerve
- Dorsal clitoral nerve
- All of the above

**3 - Which one of the following is not a boundary of vestibule :**

- Clitoris
- Anus
- Labia minora
- Labia majora
- Furchette

**4 - Regarding vaccination and pregnancy which is allowed during pregnancy :**

- Rubella
- Hepatitis
- Tetanus
- Toxoplasma
- Non of the above

**5 - The most common complication of DM is :**

- Macrosomia

**6 - The least contribute to weight in pregnancy is :**

Amniotic fluid

Fetus

Fat

Placenta

**7 - Which is not a result of failure of lateral fusion of Mullerian duct :**

Bicornuate uterus

Rudimentary horn

Imperforated hymen

Uterine septum

Double cervixes

**8 - Commonest form of degeneration in fibroid during pregnancy is :**

Red

Hyaline ( NB if no pregnancy )

**9 - The shortest diameter of fetal head is :**

Biparietal

Bitemporal

**10 - The commonest type of female pelvis is :**

Android

Anthropoid

Gynecoid

Platypelloid

**11 - female pelvic inlet is :**

round

heart

oval

**12 - Lower segment of uterus :**

Originate from ismeths

Composed from fibers and muscle

Has active contraction

**13 - uterus arise from :**

murelline duct

**14 - all true in perpereum except :**

lactation starts after delevary

**15 - What is the ligament attached to the uterus :**

Round ligament

Ovarian ligament

Uterosacral ligament

All of the above

**16 - Fertilization occure at :**

Ampulla

**17 - The fundus midway between the umbilicus and symphysis pubis is correlated to :**

10 wks

5 wks

16 wks

18 wks

**18 - The commonest cause of PPH is :**

Uterine atony

**19 - regarding stage 1 of labor :**

full dilation of cervix

full effacement

rupture of membrane

**20 - Luteal phase characterized by :**

High progesteron

**21 - Fibroid :**

Common cause of infertility

Originate from the endometrial & muscle fibers

Associated with polycythemia

May be asymptomatic

**22 - Patient with sub mucosal fibroid typically presents with :**

irregular vaginal bleeding

post coital bleeding

urine retention

pressure symptoms

**23 - Blood supply of the ovary comes from` :**

Aorta

**24 - In pregnancy Cardiac output increases :**

40 %

**25 - The relation of the descending head of the fetus to the ischial spine is :**

Station

**26 - The following tests are usually done to the couple with primary infertility except :**

Prolactin

Progesterone in 2ed half of menstrual cycle

u/s of pelvis

endometrial biopsy to determine evulation

semen analysis

**27 - Which is not done regularly in antenatal visits :**

Urine culture

Blood grouping

HCV serology

Rubella immune status

**28 - Which is not done regularly in antenatal visits :**

Fundal height

Auscultation of fetal heart

Vaginal examination

**29 - GTT is indicated in all except :**

Family history of DM

Previous macrosomia

Polyhydramnios

IUGR

Persistent glycosuria

**30 - To confirm ovulation :**

Increased estrogen in day 21 is diagnostic

LH surge precedes it

BBT

Collected By:

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